| December 2016 | Name (Please I | Print)          |         |
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| Probability 1 | Backpaper      | Semester I 2016 | Page 1. |

- 1. A box contains 10 coins, of which 5 are fair and 5 are biased to land heads with probability 0.7. A coin is drawn from the box and tossed once.
  - (a) What is the chance that it will land a head?
  - (b) Suppose that the coin drawn landed a head. Given this information, what is the conditional probability that if I draw another coin from the box(without replacing the first coin), then that coin will be a fair coin ?
- 2. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n, \ldots$  be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables, with  $E(X_i) = 10$  and  $V(X_i) = 1$ .
  - (a) State the weak law of large numbers for the above mentioned sequence  $X_1, \ldots, X_n, \ldots$
  - (b) Let  $T_n = \frac{10}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (30+X_i)$ . Does  $T_n$  converge to something and if so what is type of convergence ?
- 3. Let  $Z \sim Normal(0,1)$ . Let  $X = Z^2$  be a random variable with moment generating function  $M_X(t)$ . Let Y be another random variable with moment generating function  $M_Y(t)$ . Suppose  $M_X(t) = M_Y(4t)$ , then
  - (a) Find the relationship between X and Y.
  - (b) Find the probability density function of Y.
- 4. Solve the following questions and giving reasons for your answer.
  - (a) Let X be a discrete random variable. Which of the following functions can represent the distribution function F of X:-

(i)  

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le -1 \\ 0.6 & -1 < x < 1 \\ 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
(ii)  
(iii)  

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 0.5 & 0 \le x < 1 \\ 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
(iii)  

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 0.4 & 0 \le x < 1 \\ 0.3 & 1 \le x < 2 \\ 1 & x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

- (b) Decide whether the following statement is true:- "If A, B, and C are pairwise independent events then they are independent events."
- (d) Let  $X \stackrel{d}{=}$  Binomial  $(36, \frac{1}{2})$ . Let  $\Phi(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} dt \frac{e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$ . Find the r, s, t, u, v so that the following approximations are valid: (i)  $P(3 \le X \le 20) \approx \Phi(r) - \Phi(s)$ (ii)  $P(X = 20) \approx \frac{e^{-t}u^{20}}{v}$
- 5. Suppose the number of earthquakes (X) that occur in a year, anywhere in the world, is a Poisson random variable with mean  $\lambda$ . Suppose that the probability that any given earthquake has magnitude at least 5 on the Richter scale is p. Let B be the number of earthquakes in a year of magnitude at least 5. Find the distribution of B.
- 6. Let X and Y be independent random variables each geometrically distributed with parameter  $\frac{3}{4}$ .
  - (a) Find  $P(\min(X, Y) = X)$ .
  - (b) Find the distribution of X + Y.
  - (c) Find P(Y = y | X + Y = z).